

## CLAIMS

1. A digital signal processor (1) comprising:
  - an instruction memory (2), a central arithmetic unit 5, a register (4), a controller (3), and input/output devices;

5       characterized in that

  - the instruction memory (2) is arranged to include time performance constraints and event;
  - the controller (3) is arranged to suspend further processing of time performance constraints after initiating operations in an event control unit (6);
  - the event control unit(6) is arranged to recognize an event and to control processing to be carried out as a consequence of the event while fulfilling the time performance constraints and
  - the controller (3) is arranged to resume processing when advised by the event control unit (6).

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- 2. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 1, wherein the event is recognized in a detector and introduced as a level transition to the event control unit (6).

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- 3. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 2, wherein the detector is arranged to detect input signals by determining the energy level in the signal.

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- 4. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 2 or 3, wherein a further event is recognized as a completion of the processing carried out as a consequence of the previous event.

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- 5. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 1, wherein the event is recognized as a completion of the processing carried out as a consequence of the previous event.
- 6. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 1, including a signal memory (7) arranged to store and extract data under control of the event control unit (6).

7. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 6, wherein the signal memory (7) is a vector memory with low granularity and where the granularity determines a split between a high-resolution part and a low-resolution part of the time performance constraints.

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8. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 7, wherein the event control unit (6) is arranged to process the low-resolution part.

9. A digital signal processor (1) in accordance with claim 7, wherein the high-resolution part is processed during memory access to the signal memory (7) by delaying the access to the signal memory (7) a period of time corresponding to the high-resolution part..

10. A digital signal processor 1 in accordance with claim 1, including two or more event control units (6a, 6b) arranged to work independently from each other.

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